

White Fang
Activity Book

czytamy



woryginale

White Fang

Activity Book

*Exercises written by
Tom Gatehouse*



czytamy w

oryginale

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Chapter I

A. Read this short version of the chapter. There are 3 things which didn't really happen. Find them.

One day a pack of hungry wolves ran across the forest. At the front ran two grey leaders and one red she-wolf. They both liked the she-wolf and snarled at her. The old one-eyed leader killed the younger leader. Then the she-wolf and One Eye ran together. After some weeks the she-wolf found a cave near an Indian camp and decided to stay there. One Eye first went to the camp and then went hunting. When he came back there were little wolves in the cave. One Eye snarled at them and went hunting again.

B. Read these sentences about the story. Decide if they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	The she-wolf liked the younger leader more.		
2.	The two leaders hated each other.		
3.	The older leader had only one eye.		
4.	The she-wolf was happy because the two leaders were fighting.		
5.	After the battle, One Eye and the she-wolf travelled together across the forest.		
6.	The she-wolf found a cave but One Eye didn't want to stay there.		
7.	When One Eye came back after hunting the cave was empty.		
8.	The she-wolf was nervous because she thought that One Eye wanted to eat the little wolves.		

C. Here are some sentences taken from the chapter. Put them in the order they appear in the story.

- a. She seemed to be looking for something.
- b. In truth, they looked more like skeletons than wolves.
- c. He had been gone for eight hours and hadn't caught anything when he finally came back to the cave.
- d. He tried to persuade her to get up and go searching for food.
- e. But if the two leaders were all kindness towards the red she-wolf they were all hatred towards each other.
- f. They knew it would be a battle for life and death.
- g. The old wolf attacked him suddenly and without warning, closing his fangs on the younger leader's neck.
- h. Fortunately for the old wolf, she finally found what she had been looking for.
- i. There they hung about the Indian camp for some time.
- j. And there he was in for a surprise.

D. Here are some useful phrases which appear in the chapter. Put them into the correct sentences.

a. they were best friends	h. was in for a surprise
b. in truth	i. a battle for life and death
c. hung about	j. was not interested at all
d. in fact	k. without warning
e. came up to	l. she needn't have done
f. she finally found what she had been looking for	m. the battle was over
g. from time to time	n. she was glad with the battle
	o. on his own

1., they looked more like skeletons than wolves.
2. He didn't even show her his teeth if she happened to run in front of him., he seemed to like it.
3. he also tried to touch her neck with his nose.

4. They were both waiting for the best moment. They knew it would be
5. The old wolf attacked him suddenly and, closing his fangs on the younger leader's neck.
- 6) The younger wolf snarled painfully and tried to fight back, but his legs would no longer hold him and he fell to the snow.
7. because this was love-making of the Wild.
8. When One Eye the she-wolf again she didn't snarl at him any more.
9. Soon, running happily side by side through the snowy woods.
10. Old One Eye but he followed her anyway.
11. There they the Indian camp for some time.
12. Fortunately for the old wolf,
13. So he went hunting, confused.
14. He had been gone for eight hours and hadn't caught anything when he finally came back to the cave. And there he
15. She was warning him against eating the small things making tiny noises. so though. He understood.

E. Without looking at Exercise 4, fill the gaps in these sentences. Only one word fits into each gap.

1. truth, they looked more like skeletons than wolves.
2. He didn't even show her his teeth if she happened to run in front of him. fact, he seemed to like it.
3. time to he also tried to touch her neck with his nose.
4. They were both waiting for the best moment. They knew it would be a battle for and
5. The old wolf attacked him suddenly and without, closing his fangs on the younger leader's neck.

6. The younger wolf snarled painfully and tried to fight back, but his legs would no longer hold him and he fell to the snow. The battle was
7. The she-wolf was glad the battle because this was love-making of the Wild.
8. When One Eye up to the she-wolf again she didn't snarl at him any more.
9. Soon they were friends, running happily side by side through the snowy woods.
10. Old One Eye was not interested at but he followed her anyway.
11. There they about the Indian camp for some time.
12. Fortunately for the old wolf, she finally found she had been looking
13. So he went hunting on his, confused.
14. He had been gone for eight hours and hadn't caught anything when he finally came back to the cave. And there he was for a surprise.
15. She was warning him against eating the small things making tiny noises. She have done so though. He understood.

F. Fill the gaps with the prepositions from the box. You may need the same preposition more than once.

in at for against on with about without over by

1. truth, they looked more like skeletons than wolves.
2. the front of the pack ran a large gray wolf.
3. He never snarled the she-wolf.
4. her right ran an old one-eyed wolf.
5. They knew it would be a battle life and death.
6. The old wolf attacked him suddenly and warning.
7. The battle was
8. She was glad the battle because this was love-making of the Wild.

9. Soon they were best friends running happily side side through the snowy woods.
10. She seemed to be looking something.
11. There they hung the Indian camp for some time.
12. So he went hunting his own, confused.
13. And there he was for a surprise.
14. She was warning him eating the small things making tiny noises.

Chapter 2

A. Read these sentences about the story. Decide if they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	There was only one grey cub in the cave.		
2.	The she-wolf was glad when the cubs went in the direction of the Wall of Light.		
3.	There wasn't enough food and all the cubs died.		
4.	One Eye was killed and eaten by a lynx.		
5.	The she-wolf was afraid of the lynx.		
6.	The cub was on his own when he first left the cave.		
7.	The cub found some chicks and ate them all.		
8.	The cub ate the mother-bird.		
9.	When his mother found him, she was angry with him.		
10.	The cub didn't enjoy killing other animals.		

B. All these actions happened in the story. Put them in the correct order in which they happened.

- The cub fought against the mother-bird.
- The cubs died.
- The cub's eyes opened.
- The she-wolf started to leave the cub on his own in the cave.
- The cub saw a squirrel.
- The cub found the chicks.
- One Eye was killed by the lynx.
- The she-wolf went to look for One Eye.
- The cub left the cave.
- The cub killed a live thing for the first time.

C. Match the sentences.

1. He was different	a. as he was of it.
2. He alone took	b. of light through which his father could come and go.
3. One of its walls seemed to be made	c. up in his mouth.
4. And that was how he learnt more things about his mother than her warm soft tongue,	d. from his brothers and sisters.
5. He slept little and constantly hunted but	e. with no success.
6. But the squirrel was just as scared of him	f. after his father.
7. He picked one	g. with which she used to stroke him affectionately.

D. Here are some phrases from the story. Match them with their meaning.

- He alone took after his father.
- It turned out that she also had a sharp nose.
- She didn't dare to go in.
- But to his great surprise, there was nothing there.
- Finally he gave up and left the bird.

- He was crying at the top of his voice.
- At first the cubs cried and growled, but then they mostly slept, slowly
- turning into little skeletons.
- He saw much killing and began to play his part in it.

- was too tired of it and stopped
- very loudly
- looked like
- was too afraid to
- changing into
- he was very surprised when he saw
- at the beginning
- it could be seen that
- do it himself

E. Without looking at Exercise D, fill the gaps with the correct letters. The number of gaps corresponds to the number of missing letters.

- He was different f ___ his brothers and sisters.
- He alone took a _____ his father.
- One of its walls seemed to be m ___ of light through which his father could come and go.
- It turned o ___ that she also had a sharp nose and strong paws.
- At f _____ the cubs cried and growled, but then they mostly slept, slowly turning i ___ little skeletons.
- She didn't d ___ to go in as she knew the lynx as a bad-tempered creature and a terrible fighter.
- But to his great s _____, he was going through the Wall just like he had seen his parents go through it before.
- He didn't notice that the next step would be on the air ... and the next moment he was falling head downwards and rolling down the slope crying at the top of his v _____.
- Finally he g ___ up and left the bird
- He saw much killing and began to play his p ___ in it.

F. Without looking at Exercise D or E, fill the gaps with the correct letters. The number of gaps corresponds to the number of missing letters.

1. He was d_____ f____ his brothers and sisters.
2. He alone t____ a_____ his father.
3. One of its walls seemed to be m____ o_ light through which his father could come and go.
4. It t_____ o__ that she also had a sharp nose and strong paws.
5. A_ f_____ the cubs cried and growled, but then they mostly slept, slowly t_____ i_____ little skeletons.
6. She d_____ d_____ to go in as she knew the lynx as a bad-tempered creature and a terrible fighter.
7. But to his g_____ s _____, he was going through the Wall just like he had seen his parents go through it before.
8. He didn't notice that the next step would be on the air ... and the next moment he was falling head downwards and rolling down the slope crying at the t__ of his v_____.
9. Finally he g_____ u_ and left the bird
10. He saw much killing and began to p____ his p____ in it.

G. Complete the crossword puzzle.

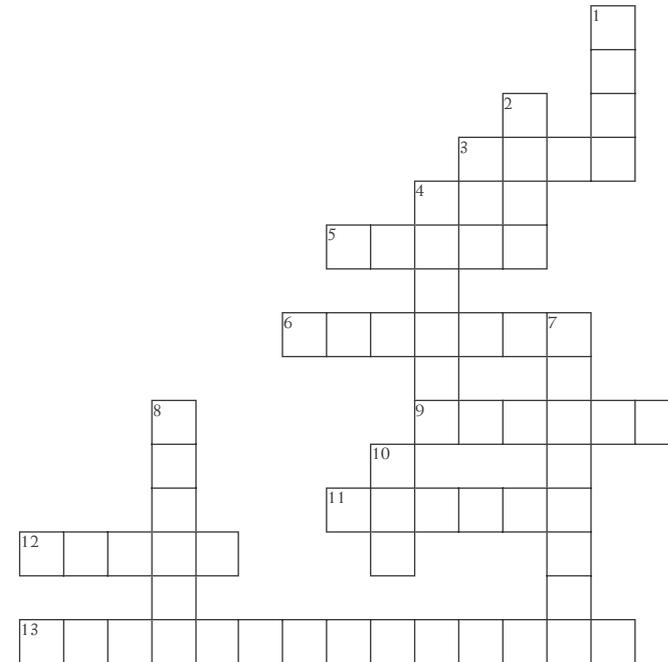
Across:

3. a home for birds (noun)
5. a baby bird (noun)
6. baby cats (noun)
9. make smaller (verb)
11. when you're hungry you feel it (noun)
12. a sound made by angry dogs or wolves (verb)
13. with love (adverb)

Down:

1. to look for animals in order to kill them (verb)
2. bird's mouth (noun)
4. cat's or dog's children (noun)

7. a small red-haired animal with a bushy tail (noun)
8. very angry (adjective)
10. a baby wolf (noun)



H. Here is a paragraph taken from the chapter. The sentences are in the incorrect order. Put them back into the correct order. There is one sentence that does not fit into the paragraph at all.

- a. She didn't dare to go in as she knew the lynx as a bad-tempered creature and a terrible fighter.
- b. She had followed a day old smell of One Eye.
- c. There came a time when the gray cub no longer saw his father appearing and disappearing through the Wall of Light.
- d. After that in her hunting she always avoided the path up to the lynx's cave.
- e. The kittens had been playing all day long.
- f. And she found him, or what remained of him, outside a lynx's cave.

- g. The she-wolf knew why One Eye never came back but there was no way by which she could tell her gray cub what she had seen.
- h. There were signs that told her that the lynx was inside and that she had a litter of hungry kittens who were now feasting on One Eye's meat.

I. Without looking at Exercise I, put the words from the box back into the correct places. Some words you may need to use more than once. Some words don't fit any gap.

what when who as that why
and that what which

There came a time (1) the gray cub no longer saw his father appearing (2) disappearing through the Wall of Light. The she-wolf knew (3) One Eye never came back but there was no way by (4) she could tell her gray cub (5) she had seen. She had followed a day old smell of One Eye. And she found him, or (6) remained of him, outside a lynx's cave. There were signs (7) told her that the lynx was inside and that she had a litter of hungry kittens (8) were now feasting on One Eye's meat. She didn't dare to go in (9) she knew the lynx as a bad-tempered creature and a terrible fighter. After (10) in her hunting she always avoided the path up to the lynx's cave.

Chapter 3

A. Read this short version of the chapter. There are a few things wrong. Find and change the mistakes.

One morning, the cub met six Indians at the stream. One of the Indians wanted to touch him and the cub bit his hand. The Indian hit him very strongly and the cub cried. The she-wolf heard the cub crying and ran to help him but when she saw the Indians she was even more angry than before. She knew them because she had lived with one of them before. His name was Gray Beaver. Gray Beaver took the she-wolf and the cub

to the camp. The cub bit a bigger puppy called Lip Lip. Then Gray Beaver started to make fire. White Fang wanted to see the fire closer and got badly hurt. The people laughed at him and he felt bad.

B. Read the following sentences about the story. Decide whether they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	At first the Indians were afraid of the cub.		
2.	The cub didn't want to bite the Indian's hand but his instinct told him to do it.		
3.	The cub's mother had been Gray Beaver's dog and her name was Kiche.		
4.	Kiche was a half dog and half wolf.		
5.	Gray Beaver called the cub White Fang because of the cub's white teeth.		
6.	In the camp, Gray Beaver tied White Fang to a tree.		
7.	White Fang thought that the men were gods because they could move things around.		
8.	White Fang made friends with Lip Lip.		
9.	White Fang thought that fire was an animal.		
10.	White Fang was unhappy when people were laughing at him.		

C. Underlined there are some useful phrases from the story. Match them to their meanings.

1. He wasn't paying a lot of attention because he knew the way to the stream very well.
2. On the one hand he wanted to bite this hand, but on the other he felt he should let it land on his head.
3. And then a dog caught his attention.

4. He just had to have a quick look to see what was happening.
5. Gray Beaver and the other Indians who had been watching White Fang burst out laughing.
6. After some struggle, White Fang finally managed to shake Lip Lip off his back

- a) quickly check
- b) wasn't very careful
- c) made him interested
- d) suddenly started to laugh loudly
- e) at the same time wanted to do two opposite things
- f) was successful at

D. Without looking at Exercise C fill the spaces with appropriate letters. One space corresponds to one letter.

1. He wasn't p_____ a lot of attention because he knew the way to the stream very well.
2. On the one h___ he wanted to bite this hand, but on the o_____ he felt he should let it land on his head.
3. And then a dog caught his a_____.
4. He just had to have a quick l___ to see what was happening.
5. Gray Beaver and the other Indians who had been watching White Fang b_____ out laughing.
6. After some struggle, White Fang finally m_____ to shake Lip Lip off his back

E. Without looking at Exercise C or D fill the spaces with appropriate letters. One space corresponds to one letter.

1. He wasn't p_____ a lot of a_____ because he knew the way to the stream very well.
2. On t__ one h___ he wanted to bite this hand, b__ on the o_____ he felt he should let it land on his head.
3. And then a dog c_____ his a_____.

4. He just had to h___ a quick l___ to see what was happening.
5. Gray Beaver and the other Indians who had been watching White Fang b_____ o__ laughing.
6. After some struggle, White Fang finally m_____ t_ shake Lip Lip off his back

F. This is a paragraph taken from the chapter. Fill the gaps with the verbs from the box.

knew was running filled smelled noticed met
wasn't paying sat felt didn't know had left had never seen

The cub 1. them suddenly. He 2. the cave in the morning and 3. down to the nearby stream to drink. He 4. a lot of attention because he 5. the way to the stream very well and 6. safe there. But suddenly, he 7. and saw five big live things. He 8. they were Indians from the nearby camp. He 9. such strange live things before. They 10. him but they didn't move or show their teeth. They just 11. and looked at him. And, though he didn't know why, their sight 12. him with fear.

G. Without looking at Exercise F fill the gaps with the verbs from the box in the correct form.

feel know x2 fill smell sit never see
notice pay meet leave run

The cub 1. them suddenly. He 2. the cave in the morning and 3. down to the nearby stream to drink. He 4. a lot of attention because he 5. the way to the stream very well and 6. safe there. But suddenly, he 7. and saw five big live things. He 8. they were Indians from the nearby camp. He 9. such strange live things before. They 10. him but they didn't move or show

their teeth. They just 11. and looked at him. And, though he didn't know why, their sight 12. him with fear.

H. Find 15 Past Tense Forms of verbs.

D	I	A	S	V	C	R	I	E	D	E	T
N	Y	B	M	S	K	A	H	P	M	U	Y
G	F	R	E	T	S	X	C	Z	E	D	E
D	E	L	L	I	F	N	W	J	P	K	U
G	E	R	L	D	Z	E	N	O	D	N	E
B	E	G	E	O	N	R	L	F	G	A	T
N	H	L	D	T	M	O	N	T	A	S	V
J	F	D	R	B	N	M	E	S	S	B	U
B	Y	L	A	C	U	M	H	R	G	F	O
G	I	R	E	S	H	E	D	U	G	Y	J
P	L	T	H	G	U	A	C	B	O	N	H
K	N	T	E	D	E	N	E	P	P	A	H

I. Here are some sentences taken from the chapter. Choose the correct answer to complete them.

1. The cub met them **suddenly** / **sudden**.
2. He knew the way to the stream very **well** / **better** and felt **safely** / **safe** there.
3. **Slow** / **Slowly** one of the Indians stood up, and walked over to the cub.
4. The cub's hair stood up and he snarled as **terrible** / **terribly** as he could, but he didn't move.
5. The other Indians laughed **loud** / **loudly**.
6. They were going to the Indian camp, Kiche **obediently** / **obedient** following Gray Beaver, and White Fang doing the same.
7. And so White Fang had **complete** / **completely** freedom to look around the camp.

8. The man animals impressed him **great** / **greatly** with their power.
9. The big man animals were moving sticks about so **clever** / **cleverly** that they could make hiding places out of them.
10. It hurt really **bad** / **badly** and White Fang cried with pain.
11. Kiche heard him and barked **furious** / **furiously**.
12. Kiche **soft** / **softly** stroked his face with her tongue.

J. Here are some sentences from the chapter. Choose the best answer to complete them.

1. He wasn't paying attention because he knew the way to the stream very well.
a) lot of b) lots c) a lot of
2. She stopped in front of her son and snarled terribly the five men.
a) of b) at c) on
3. The man who had spoken to the she-wolf came to her.
a) from b) on c) over
4. To the cub's great surprise, she neither snarled at him showed him her teeth.
a) nor b) but c) either
5. 'It was a time of great hunger when she ran
a) over b) down c) away
6. Gray Beaver tied Kiche to a tree that she couldn't escape back to the woods.
a) because b) but c) so
7. They had power things not alive!
a) on b) over c) under
8. Something very interesting was happening there and he just had to have a quick to see what was happening.
a) look b) checking c) check
9. It looked a strange live thing to him.
a) as b) for c) like
10. It hurt his spirit more than the fire hurt his nose and tongue.
a) great b) even c) so

Chapter 4

A. All these actions happened in the story. Put them in the correct order in which they happened.

- a. Gray Beaver gave White Fang a heavy beating.
- b. White Fang hid in the bushes.
- c. The Indians left the campsite.
- d. Kiche left the campsite.
- e. White Fang ran across the forest.
- f. White Fang could smell Gray Beaver's new campsite.
- g. Gray Beaver paid his debts to Three Eagles.
- h. Gray Beaver gave his piece of meat to White Fang.
- i. White Fang bit Gray Beaver's foot.
- j. White Fang left the campsite.

B. Read these sentences about the story. Decide if they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	Gray Beaver used Kiche to pay his debts.		
2.	Gray Beaver showed White Fang a lot of love.		
3.	Gray Beaver hit White Fang in the canoe because he wanted to teach him never to bite people.		
4.	White Fang didn't want to leave the campsite with Gray Beaver because he wanted to wait for Kiche.		
5.	When the Indians left the campsite, White Fang felt very unhappy.		
6.	White Fang ran after Gray Beaver because he was afraid of staying on his own.		
7.	White Fang was scared when he found Gray Beaver's new campsite.		

8.	When Gray Beaver saw White Fang at the new campsite, he tied him onto a tree.		
9.	Gray Beaver gave White Fang his piece of meat.		
10.	When White Fang decided to stay with Gray Beaver, it was a sign that he chose Gray Beaver as his master.		

C. Underlined there are some useful phrases from the text. Match them to their meanings.

1. In the middle of the summer, Gray Beaver found himself in debt to Three Eagles. He decided to pay it with Kiche.
2. He was going on a trip up the MacKenzie river.
3. Soon White Fang's snarl turned into a loud cry.
4. Never, no matter what happens, must he bite his God.
5. White Fang didn't even dare to look in the direction of his master's feet.
6. Meanwhile he stayed in the camp.
7. Gray Beaver was by no means a loving God.
8. A couple of hours later he heard Gray Beaver's voice calling him from the canoe.
9. After some time the voices died away in the distance.

- a. in the meantime; during the time between two things happening
- b. was too afraid to
- c. became more and more difficult to hear, and finally it was impossible to hear them
- d. was going to travel
- e. whatever happens, not in any situation
- f. about two hours later
- g. owing money to
- h. not at all
- i. changed into

D. Without looking at Exercises C fill the spaces with letters. Fill one letter into one space.

1. In the middle of the summer, Gray Beaver found himself in d ___ to Three Eagles.
2. He was going on a t ___ up the MacKenzie river.
3. Soon White Fang's snarl t ___ into a loud cry.
4. Never, no m ___ what happens, must he bite his God.
5. White Fang d ___ even d ___ to look in the direction of his master's feet.
6. M ___ he stayed in the camp.
7. Gray Beaver was by no m ___ a loving God.
8. A c ___ of hours later he heard Gray Beaver's voice calling him from the canoe.
9. After some time the voices d ___ away in the distance.

E. Without looking at Exercise D fill the spaces with letters. Fill one space with one letter.

1. In the middle of the summer, Gray Beaver found himself i d ___ t ___ Three Eagles.
2. He was g ___ o a t ___ up the MacKenzie river.
3. Soon White Fang's snarl t ___ i ___ a loud cry.
4. Never, no m ___ w ___ h ___, must he bite his God.
5. White Fang d ___ e ___ d ___ t ___ look in the direction of his master's feet.
6. ___ e he stayed in the camp.
7. Gray Beaver was b n m ___ a loving God.
8. A c ___ of h ___ l ___ he heard Gray Beaver's voice calling him from the canoe.
9. After some time the voices d ___ a ___ in the distance.

F. Change the underlined phrases into the adverbs from the box so that the meaning remains the same.

frighteningly	softly	unbelievably	nervously	fast
gradually	furiously	continuously	gratefully	

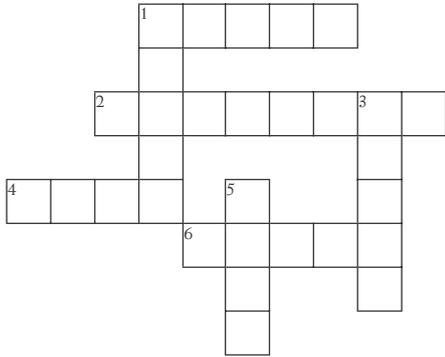
1. White Fang followed Three Eagles and Kiche looking around in a nervous way.
2. White Fang saw his mother become smaller and smaller in the distance and in anger struggled to get back into the river
3. He snarled as much in a scary way as he could.
4. The truth was the camp was being step by step packed up and moved for the winter season.
5. He followed it as quickly as his weak legs would carry him.
6. By the middle of the second day he had been running non-stop for thirty hours.
7. White Fang's feet were bleeding and he was crying quietly to himself.
8. He put one half into his mouth while the other one he was, although it's difficult to believe, offering to White Fang. He accepted it with gratitude.

G. Without looking at Exercise F, fill the gaps with appropriate adverbs.

1. He followed them looking around n _____.
2. White Fang saw his mother become smaller and smaller in the distance and f _____ struggled to get back into the river
3. He snarled as f _____ as he could.
4. The truth was the camp was being g _____ packed up and moved for the winter season.
5. He followed it as f ___ as his weak legs would carry him.
6. By the middle of the second day he had been running c _____ for thirty hours.
7. White Fang's feet were bleeding and he was crying s _____ to himself.

8. He put one half into his mouth while the other one he was, u_____, offering to White Fang. He accepted it g_____.

H. Complete the crossword puzzle.



Across:

1. an Indian's wife
2. a place where you can put up a tent
4. The sound dogs make when they are sad.
6. a small boat

Down:

1. The sound dogs make when they are angry.
3. a kind of tent used by Indians
5. The sound dogs make very often

I. Here is a paragraph taken from the chapter. Put the sentences in the correct order. One sentence DOES NOT fit at all.

1. He accepted it gratefully.
2. He had surrendered himself to his master, body and soul.
3. He slowly looked up.
4. This moment changed everything in White Fang's life.
5. There were moccassines on Grey Beaver's feet.
6. Now he was waiting for his punishment.

7. Tomorrow wouldn't find him lonely, running through the dark forest, but in the camp of man-animals on whom he had now made himself dependent.

8. Gray Beaver was breaking a piece of meat into two.

9. Soon he was fast asleep at his master's feet.

10. He had come out of the Wild to sit by a man's fire and to be ruled by him.

11. He put one half into his mouth while the other one he was, unbelievably, offering to White Fang.

12. It was his own choice to do so.

13. But minutes passed and no blows fell on his head.

J. Fill the gaps with the correct words from the box. One word DOES NOT fit at all.

but in through for to by of on
into on at up by to into to

This moment changed everything (1) White Fang's life. He had come out of the Wild to sit (2) a man's fire and to be ruled (3) him. It was his own choice (4) do so. He had surrendered himself (5) his master, body and soul. Now he was waiting (6) his punishment. (7) minutes passed and no blows fell (8) his head. He slowly looked (9). Gray Beaver was breaking a piece of meat (10) two. He put one half (11) his mouth while the other one he was, unbelievably, offering (12) White Fang. He accepted it gratefully. Soon he was fast asleep (13) his master's feet. Tomorrow wouldn't find him lonely, running (14) the dark forest, but in the camp (15) man-animals (16) whom he had now made himself dependent.

Chapter 5

A. Read this short version of the chapter. Find the mistakes and change them.

White Fang stayed five years with Gray Beaver. He had become a dangerous dog. He had killed some men. One summer, Gray Beaver took White Fang to Fort Yukon. There White Fang saw first white men. He thought they were weak. Killing white men's dogs became his hobby. One white man called Beauty Smith noticed it. He was a nice man and he thought White Fang was great. He wanted to buy White Fang off Gray Beaver. At first Gray Beaver didn't want to sell White Fang but later, when Beauty Smith taught him to drink whiskey, he agreed to sell his dog for some bottles of whiskey. And so White Fang had to leave Gray Beaver and go to Fort Yukon with Beauty Smith. At night he escaped back to Gray Beaver. The next day Beauty Smith came back and gave White Fang a beating. Then he took him back to Fort Yukon. But at night White Fang escaped again. The next day Beauty Smith gave White Fang such a heavy beating that he nearly killed him. At Fort Yukon he tied him with a metal chain and White Fang couldn't escape any more.

B. Read these sentences about the story. Decide whether they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	At the age of five, White Fang had no friends among dogs.		
2.	At the age of five, White Fang was both intelligent and in perfect physical condition.		
3.	At Fort Yukon, White Fang killed white men's dogs because he was hungry.		
4.	Beauty Smith liked White Fang because he was a clever fighter.		

5.	White Fang liked Beauty Smith at first but later he hated him.		
6.	At first Gray Beaver didn't want to sell White Fang because he loved him.		
7.	Teaching Gray Beaver to drink whiskey was part of Beauty Smith's plan to get White Fang.		
8.	White Fang didn't want to leave Gray Beaver because he had chosen him as his special god.		

C. Match the underlined phrases to their meanings.

1. It was in the summer when White Fang turned five that Gray Beaver took him on a great journey to the Yukon.
2. Unfortunately his character matched his looks.
3. It didn't take him long to find out who White Fang belonged to.
4. And white men were no exception to this.
5. White Fang is not for sale. He is the best dog I've ever had.
6. Gray Beaver grew to like whiskey a lot. Soon he wanted more and more of it.
7. From that day on, Beauty Smith visited Gray Beaver very often.
8. From the moment he had first seen Beauty Smith, he felt he should avoid him at all costs.

- a. it wasn't a long time
- b. starting from that day
- c. had his fifth birthday
- d. even if it's difficult
- e. can't be sold
- f. no different
- g. was the same as
- h. gradually started to

D. Without looking at Exercise C fill the gaps with the appropriate letters. One letter fits into one gap.

1. It was in the summer when White Fang t_____ five that Gray Beaver took him on a great journey to the Yukon.
2. Unfortunately his character m_____ his looks.
3. It didn't t___ him l___ to find out who White Fang belonged to.
4. And white men were no e_____ to this.
5. White Fang is not for s____. He is the best dog I've ever had.
6. Gray Beaver g____ to like whiskey a lot. Soon he wanted more and more of it.
7. F____ that day o_, Beauty Smith visited Gray Beaver very often.
8. From the moment he had first seen Beauty Smith, he felt he should avoid him at all c_____.

E. Fill the gaps with the appropriate preposition from the box.

at	on	from	as	to	by	on	out
	with	for	out	as	with	in	

1. If Gray Beaver had been a more loving master, White Fang could have turned different.
2.that time he had grown to be a strong and angry dog
3. As compared the Indians he had known, they seemed to him a race of more powerful Gods.
4. And white men were no exception this.
5. Then, if the master of the murdered dog came to see what was happening, he would take revenge the other dogs, not on White Fang.
6. It didn't take him long to find who White Fang belonged to.
7. White Fang is not sale.
8. He can kill other dogs easily men kill mosquitos.
9. that day, Beauty Smith visited Gray Beaver very often

10. the money he had received for his furs and moccasins he started to buy bottles of whiskey.
11. the end all his money was gone.
12. From the moment he had first seen Beauty Smith, he felt he should avoid him all costs.

F. Without looking at exercise 4, rearrange the words to make sentences as they appeared in the story.

1. If / different / Gray Beaver / more / had / master / turned / White Fang / a / could / loving / have / out / been
2. strong / that / dog / he / a / had / to / time / a / and / By / angry / be / grown /
3. exception / to / White / men / this / were / no
4. him / didn't / find / take / out / long / who / It / White Fang / to / to / belonged.
5. kill / kill / as / as / men / easily / can / He / mosquitos / dogs / other.
6. all / gone / the / In / his / was / end / money.

G. Here are some useful phrases from the story. Match the verbs on the left, to the endings on the right.

to make	someone's attention
to have	your body and soul to someone
to make	no chance against someone
to attract	to like something
to come	to see what is happening
to be	him a lot of pleasure
to give	a show of something
to grow	friends with someone
to grow	widely recognised as something
to give	rich

H. Now answer the questions in full sentences.

In the story...

1. Who didn't White Fang make friends with?
2. Who had no chance against White Fang?
3. What didn't White Fang make a show of?
4. Why couldn't the dogs which were killed by White Fang attract their masters' attention?
5. Who came to see what was happening?
6. Who was widely recognised as ugly?
7. What gave Beauty Smith a lot of pleasure?
8. Who grew rich?
9. Who grew to like whiskey?
10. Who gave his body and soul to his master?

I. Here are some useful collocations taken from the chapter. Match the adjectives on the right to the nouns on the left.

efficient	master
loving	chain
ferocious	rope
white	fighter
true	footsteps
main	enemy
large	men
thin	sum of money
thick	lips
metal	occupation
familiar	expert

J. Without looking at Exercise I, fill the gaps with the correct adjective.

1. White Fang had become a very fighter and killer of other dogs.

2. Beauty Smith offered Gray Beaver a sum of money for the dog.
3. This time he tied the dog with a chain which was stronger than White Fangs teeth.
4. White Fang became a lonely and enemy of other dogs.
5. White Fang became a expert at it, and while Gray Beaver was selling furs to the white gods, White Fang made it his occupation to kill their dogs.
6. Beauty Smith's eyes lit up at this and he licked his lips with his yellow tongue.
7. If Gray Beaver had been a more master, White Fang could have turned out different.
8. It was in Fort Yukon that White Fang saw his first men.
9. An hour passed and White Fang recognised the footsteps.
10. No sooner had White Fang laid down to rest than Gray Beaver put a rope around his neck.

Chapter 6

A. Decide whether these sentences are true or false about the story.

1. Beauty Smith was nasty to White Fang because he wanted to change him into a brutal killer.
2. Beauty Smith wanted to make money on White Fang killing other dogs.
3. Beauty Smith took White Fang to Dawson because there were no dogs in Fort Yukon good enough to fight against White Fang.
4. In Dawson, Beauty Smith kept White Fang in a cage and people had to pay to see him.
5. White Fang couldn't attack Cherokee because the bulldog's legs were very short and it was difficult to get to his neck.
6. Cherokee seemed not to feel the pain very much.
7. When Beauty Smith saw that White Fang was losing he was very sad.
8. Many people tried to stop Beauty Smith from kicking White Fang.

B. Match the underlined expressions to their meanings.

1. It was a brutal land and brutal times and the fights were usually to the death.
2. As the time went by there were fewer and fewer fights.
3. There was no dog as good as White Fang and the game started to lose its point for the audience.
4. He was soft and could be bitten easily, but he didn't seem to mind it much.
5. 'Come on, Matt. Lend me a hand. We've got pull them apart.'
6. If you don't want to have problems you should keep away from Scott.

- a. worry about it
- b. passed
- c. until someone died
- d. stopped making sense
- e. avoid
- f. help me.

C. Here are some useful expressions from the story. Match the verbs from the left column to the appropriate phrases from the right column.

play	your hands
drive	a chance to do something
clap	forward to something
vent	out the worst in someone
look	out of trouble
waste	friends with someone
punch	someone in the face
keep	tricks on someone
be	someone mad
bring	your anger on someone

D. Now use the expressions from the table in Exercise C to transform the sentences so that the meaning remains the same. Remember to put the expressions in the correct form.

1. Beauty Smith did nasty things to White Fang.
Beauty Smith White Fang.
2. Beauty Smith's laughter made White Fang go crazy.
Beauty Smith's laughter
.....
3. White Fang used all his bad energy when he was fighting against other dogs.
White Fang the dogs which he fought against.
4. People watching White Fang applauded.
People watching White Fang
.....
5. White Fang started to wait for the pleasure of fighting with other dogs.
White Fang started to
..... with other dogs.
6. Beauty Smith in all situations tried to earn some money.
Beauty Smith never earn some money.
7. Weedon Scott hit Beauty Smith in the face.
Weedon Scott
.....
8. If you don't want to have problems you should keep away from Scott.
If you want to you should keep away from Scott.
9. Weedon Scott had friends among the important people in Fort Yukon.
Weedon Scott the important people in Fort Yukon.

10. Beauty Smith managed to make all the bad feeling in White Fang come out.

Beauty Smith managed to White Fang.

E. Decide who is A to Q. The same person may appear more than once.

1. A hated everyone and everything, but most of all he hated B.
2. C was too slow and not angry enough.
3. D was different to any dog E fought before.
4. F jumped onto G, more like a cat than like a dog.
5. H knew that to kill I he had to cut the vein in his throat, but J was too short for it to be done while he was standing up.
6. And K tried once too often.
7. With every moment L's teeth closed a little tighter on M's neck.
8. N fell into the snow and was in too much shock to move again.
9. It took O over half an hour to open P's jaws wide enough for Q to pull out his neck from between them.

F. Without looking at Exercise E fill the gaps with the appropriate name or word from the box. The same name or word may appear more than once.

White Fang	enough	Beauty Smith	bulldog	too
Bulldog	White Fang	Most	Than	The other dog
Any	Much	White Fang	He	Little
Men	More	White	Fang	Beauty Smith
Cherokee	This	Too	Enough	White Fang
too	Bulldog	Every	White Fang	The

1. hated everyone and everything, but of all he hated
2. was slow and not angry
3. dog was different to dog fought before.

4. jumped onto the....., like a cat like a dog.
5. knew that to kill dog he had to cut the vein in his throat, but the was short for it to be done while he was standing up.
6. And tried once often.
7. With moment the 's teeth closed a tighter on 's neck.
8. fell into the snow and was in too shock to move again.
9. It took the two over half an hour to open 's jaws wide for to pull out his neck from between them.

G. Without looking at the previous exercises, fill the gaps with appropriate prepositions.

1. It was a brutal land and brutal times and the fights were usually the death.
2. As the time went there were fewer and fewer fights.
3. If you want to keep trouble you should keep Scott.
4. Beauty Smith played nasty tricks White Fang.
5. White Fang vented his anger the other dogs.
6. White Fang started to look fighting with other dogs.
7. Weedon Scott was friends all the important people in Fort Yukon.
8. Beauty Smith managed to bring the worst White Fang.
9. Gray Beaver liked all alcohol but most all he loved whiskey.
10. Beauty Smith fell into the snow and was too much shock to move again.

Chapter 7

A. All these actions happened in the story. Put them in the order they happened.

- a. Alice started to let White Fang into the house for the night.
- b. Weedon Scott and White Fang grew to love each other.
- c. Matt took the chain off White Fang's neck.
- d. Jim Hall escaped from prison.
- e. White Fang saw his puppies for the first time.
- f. Weedon Scott stroked White Fang for the first time.
- g. Collie started to be nice to White Fang.
- h. The family doctor came to see White Fang.
- i. Weedon Scott and White Fang went to San Francisco.
- j. White Fang killed Jim Hall.
- k. White Fang ate meat from Scott's hand for the first time.
- l. White Fang got used to the life on the farm.

B. These are some sentences about the story. Decide if they are true or false.

		True	False
1.	Matt thought White Fang was stupid.		
2.	Scott thought that if White Fang had a nice master he would change into a nice dog.		
3.	White Fang hated being stroked.		
4.	Collie liked White Fang from the first time she saw him.		
5.	Scott's father was a lawyer.		
6.	Scott's father had decided that Jim Hall would spend the rest of his life in prison.		
7.	Jim Hall had promised revenge on Judge Scott.		

8.	The rules on Judge Scott's farm said that dogs slept outside.		
9.	Weedon's wife let White Fang stay in the house for the night because she was afraid of Jim Hall.		
10.	When the family doctor saw White Fang, he didn't believe that White Fang would survive.		

C. These are some useful phrases from the story. Match the verbs from the left column to the expressions from the right column.

save	someone's life
keep	in the sun
give	against the rules
commit	your promise
lie	believe your own eyes
miss	used to something / someone
be	the chance of your life to do something
have	someone a chance
get	a crime
can't	confidence in someone

D. Now fill the gaps with the phrases from Exercise C. Remember to put them in the correct form.

1. 'We'll do everything we can to.....' said Judge Scott looking at White Fang.
2. Then he allowed the puppies to walk all over him as he patiently with his eyes half-closed.
3. Both of them knew it....., which said that the dogs would sleep outside.
4. Now everybody at the Scott farm was afraid that Jim Hall was going to
5. When they finally arrived at Judge Scott's farm just out of San Francisco, White Fang

6. He even Collie, who was surprisingly nice to him at times.
7. 'You might be a number one gold expert, but you when you didn't run off as a little boy to join the circus.'
8. 'We should , ' said Matt. 'and turn him loose, but with a club.'
9. Jim Hall was a ferocious man and had a terrible
10. In spite of his instinct, White Fang began to Weedon Scott.

E. Fill the gaps in the sentences with one word. In all the sentences it will be the same word. Can you guess which word it is? Can you remember who said these sentences in the story?

1. 'We should give him a, and turn him loose.'
2. 'You might be a number one gold expert, but you missed the of your life when you didn't run off as a little boy to join the circus.'
3. 'Well, he has a one in a thousand of surviving.'
4. 'But we mustn't lose anyto help him.'

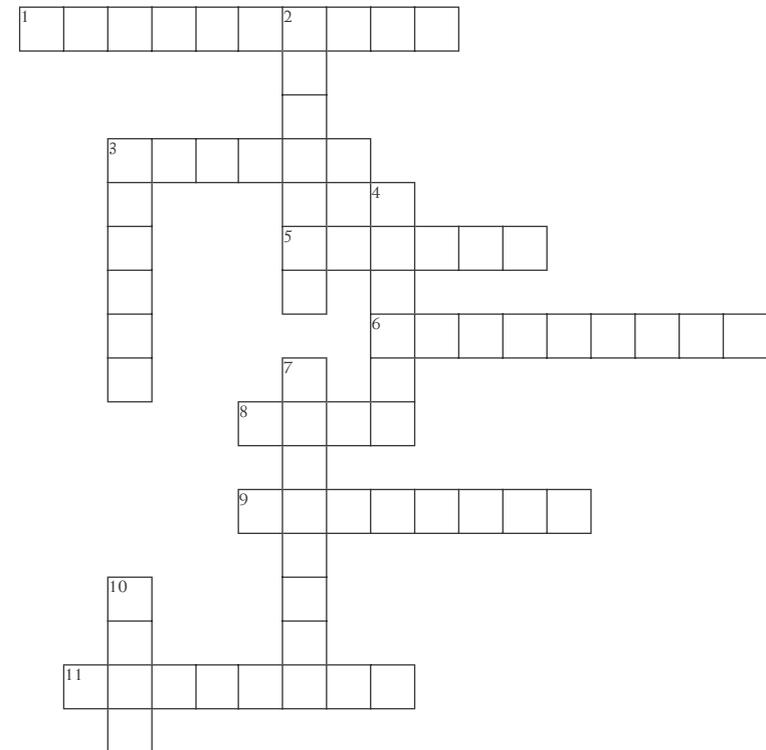
F. Fill the gaps with the correct preposition from the box. You may need the same preposition more than once.

by	up	in	up	in	up	for	of	off	by	against
	in	for	on	without	up	over	after	of		

1. the time Weedon Scott had switched the light in the hall, it was all
2. weeks the whole family was employed to look White Fang.
3. He never took his eyes the god and ate the meat quickly.
4. He would give anything for the company of the god.

5. Judge Scott picked the phone to call a doctor.
6. spite his instinct, White Fang began to have confidence Weedon Scott.
7. And when the god lifted his foot to go, White Fang attacked warning.
8. Bit bit, very slowly, White Fang came to Weedon Scott's hand.
9. But he would learn anything the sake pleasing his love master.
10. Both of them knew it was the rules.

G. Complete the crossword puzzle.



Across:

- 1. When you trust someone you have in this person. (noun)
- 3. a different word for a fight (noun)
- 5. to move your hand across an animal's fur (verb)
- 6. a row of stairs (noun)
- 8. grass out side of a house (noun)
- 9. being nice (noun)
- 11. without hope, very difficult (adjective)

Down:

- 2. without end (adjective)
- 3. a small metal object you put into guns (noun)
- 4. a place where you go when you commit a crime (noun)
- 7. when you're very patient you have it (noun)
- 10. a stupid person (noun)

H. Match the parts the words on the right to the words on the left to create some useful collocations taken from the chapter.

strong	family
terrible	process
bullet	leg
endless	need
soft	holes
broken	crime
farm	patience
whole	voice
slow	animals

I. Without looking at Exercise H fill the gaps with the correct word.

- 1. The next months required constant thinking and patience on the part of Weedon Scott to make it all possible.
- 2. It was a process but this was what really happened.
- 3. He began to feel a need to be with the god, to have his hands stroking his head, and to hear hisvoice talking to him.

- 4. He grew to respect his master's family and to ignore the animals.
- 5. Jim Hall was a ferocious man and had committed a crime.
- 6. He's got a leg and three holes through him.
- 7. For weeks the family was employed to look after White Fang.

Key

Chapter 1

A. The things which didn't happen are underlined.
 They both liked the she-wolf and snarled at her.
 One Eye first went to the camp and then went hunting.
 One Eye snarled at them and went hunting again.

B. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. T

C. 1. b 2. e 3. f 4. g 5. a 6. i 7. h 8. d 9. c 10. j

D. 1. b 2. d 3. g 4. i 5. k 6. m 7. n 8. e 9. a 10. j 11. c 12. f 13. o 14. h 15. l

E. 1. in 2. in 3. from/time 4. life/death 5. warning 6. over 7. with 8. came 9. best 10. all 11. hung 12. what/for 13. own 14. in 15. needn't

F. 1. in 2. at 3. at 4. on 5. for 6. without 7. over 8. with 9. by 10. for 11. about 12. on 13. in 14. against

Chapter 2

A. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. F 9. F 10. F

B. 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. g 5. h 6. i 7. e 8. f 9. j 10. a

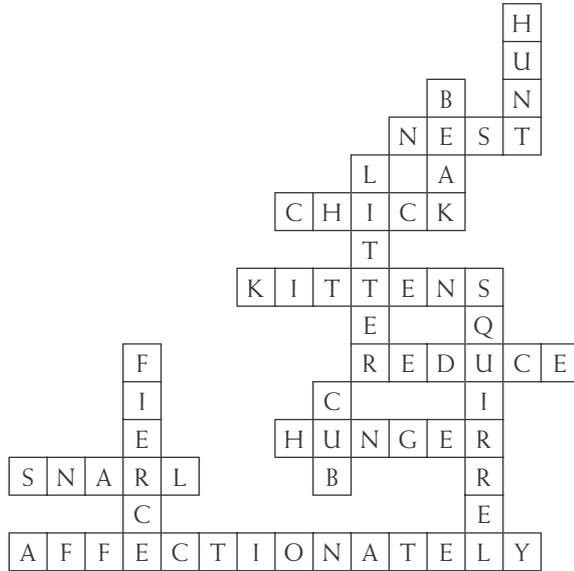
C. 1. d 2. f 3. b 4. g 5. e 6. a 7. c

D. 1. c 2. h 3. d 4. f 5. a 6. b 7. g 8. e 9. i

E. 1. from 2. after 3. made 4. out 5. first/into 6. dare 7. surprise 8. voice
9. gave 10. part

F. 1. different from 2. took after 3. made of 4. turned out
5. at first/turning into 6. didn't dare 7. great/surprise 8. top/voice
9. gave up 10. play/part

G.



H. 1. c 2. g 3. b 4. f 5. h 6. a 7. d

I. 1. when 2. and 3. why 4. which 5. what 6. what 7. that 8. who 9. as
10. that

Chapter 3

A. The mistakes are underlined. The correct versions are in brackets.

- One morning, the cub met six (five) Indians at the stream.
- The she-wolf heard the cub crying and ran to help him but when she saw the Indians she was even more angry than before (she wasn't angry any more).
- The cub bit a bigger puppy called Lip Lip. (Lip Lip bit White Fang.)

B. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. T

C. 1. b 2. e 3. c 4. a 5. d 6. f

D. 1. paying 2. hand/other 3. attention 4. look 5. burst 6. managed

E. 1. paying/attention 2. the/hand/but/other 3. caught/attention 4. have/
look 5. burst/out 6. managed/to

F. 1. met 2. had left 3. was running 4. wasn't paying 5. knew 6. felt
7. smelled 8. didn't know 9. had never seen 10. noticed 11. sat 12. filled

G. 1. met 2. had left 3. was running 4. wasn't paying 5. knew 6. felt
7. smelled 8. didn't know 9. had never seen 10. noticed 11. sat 12. filled

H. said cried smelled left felt filled sank happened bit burst
knew met caught heard sat



I. 1. suddenly 2. well, safe 3. slowly 4. terribly 5. loudly 6. obediently
7. complete 8. greatly 9. cleverly 10. badly 11. furiously 12. softly

J. 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. c 6. c 7. b 8. a 9. c 10. b

Chapter 4

A. 1. g 2. d 3. i 4. a 5. b 6. c 7. j 8. e 9. f 10. h

B. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. T

C. 1. g 2. d 3. i 4. e 5. b 6. a 7. h 8. f 9. c

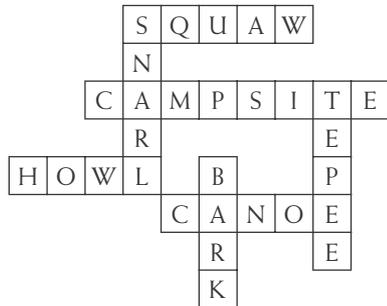
D. 1. debt 2. trip 3. turned 4. matter 5. didn't/dare 6. meanwhile
7. means 8. couple 9. died

E. 1. in debt to 2. going on a trip 3. turned into 4. matter what happened
5. didn't even dare to 6. meanwhile 7. by no means 8. a couple of hours later
9. died away

F. 1. nervously 2. furiously 3. frighteningly 4. gradually 5. fast
6. continuously 7. softly 8. unbelievably/gratefully

G. 1. nervously 2. furiously 3. frighteningly 4. gradually 5. fast
6. continuously 7. softly 8. unbelievably/gratefully

H.



I. 1. d 2. j 3. l 4. b 5. f 6. m 7. c 8. h 9. k 10. a 11. i 12. g
13. e

J. 1. in 2. by 3. by 4. to 5. to 6. for 7. but 8. on 9. up 10. into
11. into 12. to 13. at 14. through 15. of 16. on

Chapter 5

A. The mistakes are underlined and the correct versions are in brackets.

1. He had killed some men (dogs).
2. There White Fang saw first white men. He thought they were weak (powerful).
3. One white man called Beauty Smith noticed it. He was a nice (nasty) man and he thought White Fang was great.

B. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. F 7. T 8. T

C. 1. c 2. g 3. a 4. f 5. e 6. h 7. b 8. d

D. 1. turned 2. matched 3. take/long 4. exception 5. sale 6. grew
7. from/on 8. costs

E. 1. out 2. by 3. with 4. to 5. on 6. out 7. for 8. as/as 9. from/on
10. with 11. in 12. at

- F. 1. If Gray Beaver had been a more loving master, White Fang could have turned out different.
2. By that time he had grown to be a strong and angry dog.
 3. White men were no exception to this.
 4. It didn't take him long to find out who White Fang belonged to.
 5. He can kill other dogs as easily as men kill mosquitos.
 6. In the end all his money was gone.

G.

to make	friends with someone
to have	no chance against something
to make	a show of something
to attract	someone's attention
to come	to see what is happening
to be	widely recognised as something
to give	him a lot of pleasure
to grow	rich
to grow	to like something
to give	your body and soul to someone

- H. 1. White Fang didn't make friends with the other dogs.
 2. One dog had no chance against White Fang.
 3. White Fang didn't make a show of killing white men's dogs.
 4. The dogs couldn't attract their masters attention because White Fang killed them so quickly.
 5. The killed dog's master came to see what was happening.
 6. Beauty Smith was widely recognised as ugly.
 7. Watching White Fang kill other dogs gave Beauty Smith pleasure.
 8. Gray Beaver grew rich.
 9. Gray Beaver grew to like whiskey.
 10. White Fang gave his body and soul to Gray Beaver.

I. ferocious / enemy loving / master efficient / fighter true / expert
 large / sum of money thick / rope familiar / footsteps
 metal / chain thin / lips main / occupation white / men

- J. 1. efficient 2. large 3. metal 4. ferocious 5. true, main 6. thin 7. loving
 8. white 9. familiar 10. thick

Chapter 6

- A. 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. F

- B. 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a 5. f 6. e

C.

play	tricks on someone
drive	someone mad
clap	your hands
vent	your anger on someone
look	forward to something
waste	a chance to do something
punch	someone in the face
keep	out of trouble
be	friends with someone
bring	out the worst in someone

- D. 1. played nasty tricks on 2. drove White Fang mad 3. vented his anger on
 4. clapped their hands 5. look forward to fighting 6. wasted a chance to
 7. punched Beauty Smith in the face 8. keep out of trouble 9. was friends with
 10. bring out the worst in

E.

- A - White Fang
 B - Beauty Smith
 C - the first dog that White Fang fought against
 D - Cherokee
 E - White Fang
 F - White Fang
 G - Cherokee
 H - White Fang
 I - Cherokee
 J - Cherokee
 K - White Fang
 L - Cherokee
 M - White Fang
 N - Beauty Smith
 O - Weedon Scott and Matt
 P - Cherokee
 Q - White Fang

- F. 1. White Fang / most / Beauty Smith
 2. the other dog / too / enough
 3. This / any / White Fang
 4. White Fang / bulldog / more / than
 5. White Fang / the / bulldog / too
 6. He / too
 7. every / bulldog / little / White Fang
 8. Beauty Smith / much
 9. Men / Cherokee / enough / White Fang

- G. 1. to 2. by 3. out of / away from 4. on 5. on 6. forward to 7. with
 8. out / in 9. of 10. in

